

Old Section (Open Fund) Member Booklet

This booklet is only applicable to employees who have joined the Old Section of the ITB Pensions Funds (Open Fund). If you are not sure which section of the Open Fund you are eligible to join you should contact your Employer.

'ITB-Online': www.itb-online.co.uk 'MyITB': www.myitb.com

Contact Us

You may obtain further information about the ITB Pension Funds and the benefits provided by the *Scheme* by any of the following methods:

On our information website 'ITB-Online': www.itb-online.co.uk

On our interactive modelling website 'MyITB': www.myitb.com

By e-mail on: pensions@itbpen.com

By telephoning on **01923 471699** (when busy or when outside office hours an answer service will be available to enable a message to be left so that we can return your call).

By writing to: The ITB Pension Funds, 23 King Street, Watford, Herts WD18 0BJ.

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Introduction

Welcome

Welcome to the ITB Pension Funds.

This Booklet should be regarded as only a general guide to the Old Section of the Open Fund "the *Scheme*" and summarises the benefits of the *Scheme* as at the date shown at the bottom of the page. Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in text and illustrations. However, the Trust Deed and Rules, the formal documents which govern the *Scheme* and which are amended from time to time, will prevail in the event of any discrepancy with this Booklet.

Certain terms have special meanings and these are shown in *italics* throughout the Booklet and are defined in the Glossary at the back of this Booklet.

The Scheme is set up under a Trust Deed and Rules and is administered by the *Trustees*. The assets of the *Scheme* are separate from those of your *Employer* to provide the greatest possible security for your benefits and are invested by independent investment managers who are appointed by the *Trustees*.

Your *Employer* participates in the *Scheme* in order to provide life assurance and pension benefits for you, your spouse/civil partner and your children, in addition to the benefits normally provided by the State.

As an active member of the *Scheme* you are currently contracted-out of *S2P*. The *Scheme* is able to do this because it satisfies a statutory test of benefit levels set out in legislation. Consequently, you currently pay a lower rate of National Insurance contributions and will not normally earn a pension under *S2P* whilst you are a member of the *Scheme* for as long as the *Trustees* continue to contract the *Scheme* out of *S2P*.

Main Benefits of the Scheme

The *Scheme* provides a comprehensive and valuable range of benefits covering many situations. Pension benefits are based on your *Final Pensionable Salary* and the *Pensionable Service* you accumulate.

It follows that the more *Pensionable Service* you accumulate, the greater the amount of your eventual pension.

The main benefits that are available within the Scheme are:

- Lifetime pension of 1/60th of Final Pensionable Salary times Pensionable Service.
- Cash at retirement in exchange for part of your pension.
- Increases to pensions.
- Early Retirement options.
- III-Health/Disability pensions payable at any age.
- Life Assurance lump sum and spouse's/civil partner's and children's pensions if you die whilst an active member of the Scheme.
- Death in retirement spouse's and children's pensions.
- A deferred pension, transfer out or a refund of your contributions on leaving the Scheme before retirement.
- Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC) options to further increase pension benefits.

Joining

Eligibility

You can join if you:

are employed in permanent employment by an *Employer* who participates in the *Scheme*, or you are employed in temporary or fixed term employment by an *Employer* who participates in the *Scheme* and your *Employer* has notified the *Trustees* that its temporary and fixed term employees will be eligible to join.

and

are aged 18 or over but not passed the first day of the month following your 60th birthday.

and

have completed any qualifying period of service which your *Employer* may require you to complete.

The opportunity to join the *Scheme* exists within the first three months of being eligible.

Late Entrant

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If you do not join within the first three months of becoming eligible and you are under age 40 there will still be the opportunity to join as a *Late Entrant*. However, your application will be subject to your *Employer's* and the *Trustees'* discretion.

If you are accepted into membership as a *Late Entrant* you should note that the *Scheme* lump sum death benefit cover would not become applicable until you have completed 2 years' *Pensionable Service* (excluding any transferred service) and the *Scheme* ill-health/disability retirement provisions would not be available to you at any point during your membership. Therefore, you may wish to consider making your own arrangements to provide this cover.

If you do not join within the first 3 months of becoming eligible and are aged 40 or over you will not normally have an opportunity to join the *Scheme*.

How to Join

All you need to do to join the *Scheme* is complete the **Application Form** at the back of this Booklet and return it to your Personnel Department.

In addition, you are strongly recommended to complete the accompanying **Nomination Form**. This will assist the *Trustees* in the distribution of any lump sum benefits on your death. You can if you wish send this under confidential cover direct to the ITB Pension Funds' Office in Watford.

After joining you should keep the ITB Pension Funds' Office advised of any change of address or change in marital status. You should keep your Nomination Form up to date as your circumstances change.

Transfers-in to the Scheme

The Scheme no longer accepts transfers-in.

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Your Contributions

Unless your Employer has advised you otherwise your gross contribution to the *Scheme* is normally:

6-10% of your Pensionable Salary

You can check your contribution rate by visiting our website: 'MyITB' www.myitb.com

If you are interested in joining the *Scheme*, your *Employer* should be able to confirm the contribution rate that would apply for you.

However, the net cost to you is considerably less than your gross contribution because you automatically receive tax relief through the payroll at the highest rate of tax you pay.

The cost is further reduced because you pay lower National Insurance contributions (because the *Scheme* is currently contracted-out of the State Second Pension or *S2P*). The National Insurance reduction is currently 1.4% of gross PAYE earnings between *LEL* and *UEL*.

Although your gross contributions are shown on your payslip, the effect of the allowances for tax relief and lower National Insurance contributions are automatically reflected in your Net Pay.

For part-timers contributions will be based on actual *Pensionable Salary* and not adjusted *Pensionable Salary* as referred to on page 34.

If your earnings are less than the current *LEL* then you will not qualify for a reduction in National Insurance contributions. Furthermore if your actual earnings are less than your tax allowances, you will not receive tax relief on the contributions you make to the *Scheme*, or to *AVCs*.

Employer Contributions

Your *Employer* is required to pay the balance of the cost of the *Scheme*. This is established by actuarial valuations carried out at least every three years.

Your Contributions

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION	
	EXAMPLE £ PER MONTH
Pensionable Salary	£ 2,333
Your gross contribution @ 6% (see page 8)	£ 140
* <u>Less</u> tax relief @ 20%	
(Current rate for standard rate tax payer)	<u>£ 28</u>
	£ 112
Less National Insurance reduction	
Currently 1.4% of **earnings above £464 per month	
i.e (£2,333 - £464) x 1.4%	<u>£ 30</u>
Your net cost of membership is	<u>£ 82</u>

* If you are a higher rate tax payer you will currently receive tax relief at 40%.

** Current ceiling of £3,540 per month for the 2012/13 tax year.

Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs)

In addition to the benefits you are building up as an active member of the *Scheme* you can pay extra pension contributions, known as Additional Voluntary Contributions (*AVCs*), to increase your eventual retirement pension benefits. In doing so you will receive full tax relief on your *AVCs* through the PAYE system, in the same way as you do for your standard contributions.

You can currently pay *AVCs* to the *Scheme* up to a maximum of 20% of your *Pensionable Salary* in any one *Scheme* year (1 April to 31 March), on a money purchase basis, and those *AVCs* will be invested in one or more of the several investment options on offer. This is on top of the standard contributions you pay to the *Scheme*. The *Trustees* of the *Scheme* can decide to change the maximum amount of *AVCs* they allow.

The benefits you earn from AVCs will stem from investing separately in special AVC funds set up by the *Trustees* and operated by registered AVC providers. At retirement your *AVCs* are used to provide additional pension or tax-free cash.

Additional information and AVC Application Forms can be found on our website: **www.itb-online.co.uk** or from the ITB Pension Funds Office, Watford.

As an active member, you can also use our interactive website 'MyITB' (www.myitb.com) to model your ITB benefits together with AVC benefits that you pay, or might like to pay.

Other Registered Pension Schemes

You can also join – and make contributions to – other registered pension schemes outside of the ITB Scheme's arrangements, such as a personal pension or a non-ITB AVC scheme, whilst remaining a member of the ITB Scheme. Across all your pension schemes you can make tax-free contributions of up to 100% of your earnings in any one tax year (but see "The Annual Allowance" on page 43).

Benefits at Retirement

On retirement you will normally be able to choose the form in which you take your benefits. You may choose either:

A pension for life

or

A reduced pension, payable for life, plus a cash lump sum.

You will also receive your Basic State Pension entitlement payable from your State Pension Age, provided you have made sufficient National Insurance contributions.

There are some further points you should note:

- Giving up pension for cash does not affect your spouse's/civil partner's and/or children's pensions.
- Under current legislation the cash lump sum is tax-free, provided it does not exceed the limit set out by HM Revenue and Customs.
- Your pension and any spouse's/children's pensions will currently increase automatically each year in line with the rise in the RPI. (For some members there are exceptions to this if you retire on ill-health/disability grounds – please contact the Funds' Office for details).
- If you die within the first 5 years of your retirement, a lump sum will be paid to your dependants.

Payment of Your Pension

Pensions are paid monthly in arrears on the first of the month - direct to your bank or building society account.

If you are liable for tax, this will be deducted by the ITB Pension Funds under the PAYE system.

Your pension and any pension paid to your spouse or civil partner is payable for life and does not cease on remarriage or entering into a new civil partnership.

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Benefits at Retirement

Your Pension at Normal Retirement Date

When you reach your Normal Retirement Date, your pension will be worked out as follows:

1/60 x your Pensionable Service x your Final Pensionable Salary

Pensionable Service is subject to an overall maximum of 40 years.

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION	
	0.05.000
Final Pensionable Salary	£ 25,000
Pensionable Service	29 years
Calculation	<u>29</u> x £ 25,000 60
Giving a pension of	£ 12,083pa

Your State Pension

Remember, that provided you have paid sufficient National Insurance contributions, you will receive your Basic State Pension entitlement payable from State Pension Age in addition to your *Scheme* pension. You can obtain a forecast of your State Pension Benefit by completing Form BR19, which can be obtained from your local Benefits Agency.

The current level of full Basic State Pension, for 2012/13, is £5,587 for a single pension and £8,936 for a couple.

Your Cash Lump Sum at Normal Retirement Date

As mentioned earlier, you may choose to have a reduced pension plus a cash lump sum. Under present legislation this lump sum is completely free of tax.

The maximum lump sum is worked out as follows:

Pension x Cash Conversion Factor*

(0.15 x Cash Conversion Factor*) + 1

*This is the rate at which you can exchange pension for cash, and it will depend upon your your age at retirement. See below for the full table of cash conversion factors currently in force.

Broadly, the maximum tax-free lump sum available to you will be 4.4 x pension.

Cash Conversion Factors		
Age	Factor	
55	16.30	
56	15.95	
57	15.60	
58	15.27	
59	15.02	
60	14.75	
61	14.48	
62	14.19	
63	13.90	
64	13.59	
65	13.27	

All the factors shown in this table may be subject to change by the *Trustees* in the future. Cash Conversion Factor Notes:

(i) Factors are calculated based on your age in years and days at retirement e.g. aged 58 years 150 days gives a factor of **15.1673**.
(ii) if you retire under the ill-health/disability provisions of the *Scheme* after having joined on or after 1 July 2005, or as a *Late Entrant* after 1 October 2004, your cash lump sum will be calculated as described above but using a cash conversion factor of 13.

Your Cash Lump Sum at *Normal Retirement Date* (cont.)

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION	
Cash Lump Sum	
Pension before lump sum taken:	£ 12,083pa
Age at Retirement: Therefore Cash Conversion Factor:	65 13.27*
Calculation:	<u>£ 12,083 x 13.27</u> (0.15 x 13.27 +1)
Giving a maximum cash lump sum of:	£ 53,617

* Please see previous page for cash conversion factors at other ages.

Your pension after taking a cash lump sum at Normal Retirement Date

By taking a lump sum your pension is reduced. The size of the reduction will depend upon the amount of pension you exchange for lump sum and the age you retire. At age 65 the reduction is currently: -

£1 of pension for every £13.27 of cash lump sum taken

The amount of pension given up when taking a Cash Lump Sum is worked out as follows:

Cash lump sum ÷ 13.27 = Pension given up

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Your Pension after taking a Cash Lump Sum at Normal Retirement Date (cont.)

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION			
Gross pension		£ 12,083 pa	
Maximum cash lump sum		£ 53,617 ÷ 13.27	
Pension given up of		£4,040pa	
Giving a reduced pension of	£12,083 -	£4,040 = £8,043pa	
pension options at retirement in this example are:			
Options at retirement:			
1) A pension of £ 12,083pa			
Or			
2) A reduced pension of £ 8,043pa plus a maximum cash lump sum of £ 53,617			
Or			
3) A reduced pension plus a cash lump sum less than the maximum.			
Note: Your cash sum may be restricted to ensure that the amou	int of pensior	remaining after you	

te: Your cash sum may be restricted to ensure that the amount of pension remaining after the have taken part of it for cash is not less than your *GMP*.

Your Pension on Early Retirement

You may retire and draw your pension at any time after attaining age 55, providing you have completed 5 years' *Qualifying Service*.

Your pension will be calculated in the same way as at *Normal Retirement Date* (see page 12) but using your *Pensionable Service* and *Final Pensionable Salary* at the date you retire.

Your pension is then reduced for each month that you retire before your *Normal Retirement Date*, (a part month counts as a whole month).

Special early retirement provisions exist if you have completed, or can potentially complete 40 years' *Pensionable Service* (see Special Provisions, page 32)

The reductions currently applying from *Normal Retirement Date* are as shown in the Early Retirement Reduction Table below. They may be subject to change in the future.

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION

Age at early retirement:	58 years
Pensionable Service to age 58:	23 years
Final Pensionable Salary:	£ 25,000pa
Calculation:	Calculation: <u>23</u> x £ 25,000 = £ 9,583pa 60
This is then multiplied by: (i.e. 7 years early – see Early Retirement	89%
Reduction table below)	= £ 9,583pa x 89% (or 0.89) = £ 8,529pa
Giving an early retirement pension of	£ 8,529pa
Early Retirement Reduction Table	
Complete years prior to % of Old Normal Retirement Date Section pension 1 99 2 98	: (i) Your early retirement benefit may have to be restricted in the unlikely event that it is

less then your <i>GMP</i> .
(ii) Special conditions apply for members who
joined the Scheme before 23 March 1991
when some or all of the pension earned
before that date will be reduced for each
month that you retire before age 60.

(iii) See also "Lifetime Allowance" on page 42.

All factors may be subject to change in the future and pensions are reduced for each month you retire before your *Normal Retirement Date*; a part month counts as a whole month.

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Your Cash Lump Sum on Early Retirement

At the time of your retirement, you may choose to have a reduced pension plus a cash lump sum.

The maximum cash lump sum is calculated in the same way as if you were retiring at your *Normal Retirement Date* (see illustration on page 14) but using your pension at the date you retire (see page 16) and the cash conversion factor applicable to your age at the date you retire (see page 13).

Note: See also "The Lifetime Allowance" on page 42

Your Pension after taking a Cash Lump Sum on Early Retirement

By taking a cash lump sum your pension is reduced. The size of the reduction will depend upon the amount of pension you exchange for a cash lump sum (subject to the maximum) and your age at the date you retire. It is calculated in the same way as if you were retiring at your *Normal Retirement Date* but using the cash conversion factor applicable to your age at the date you retire (see page 13).

Note: Your cash lump sum may be restricted to ensure that the amount of pension remaining after you have taken part of it for cash is not less than your GMP.

III-Health/Disability Retirement from Active Service

Normal Entrant

- If you joined before 1 July 2005 and you are (and will continue to be) incapable of doing your job because of physical or mental impairment, the Scheme has provisions which enable the Trustees to grant ill-health/disability benefits immediately.
- If you joined on or after 1 July 2005 and you are (and will continue to be) incapable of carrying on any (not necessarily usual) employment because of physical or mental impairment, the *Scheme* has provisions which enable the *Trustees* to grant ill-health/disability benefits immediately.

There are some conditions attached to the payment of ill health/disability benefits. These are:

- Completion of 5 years' Qualifying Service; and
- You have been absent from work for at least 3 months and have ceased to carry on your occupation; and
- The *Trustees* have received medical evidence, which is acceptable to them, from a registered medical practitioner of your inability to work as defined above (this may involve having to attend a medical examination).

You must also have responded promptly and frankly to any enquires which the *Trustees* or medical practitioner may make as to your health, capacity for employment, current earnings and current employment status.

Each application for early retirement on grounds of ill-health/disability is dealt with on its own merits. The *Trustees'* decision takes into account the advice of a medical adviser appointed for this purpose and is final in any question of doubt.

Once in payment further medical evidence may be required depending upon the circumstances of each case. Additionally, the pension paid may be stopped or adjusted if:

- Your health improves; or
- You take up paid employment.

Late Entrant

- If you are a Late Entrant who joined before 1 January 2008 then the eligibility requirements for ill-health/disability retirement are as described under the second paragraph above (i.e. the same terms as a Normal Entrant who joined on or after 1 July 2005)
- If you are a Late Entrant who joined on or after 1 January 2008 then you are not eligible for ill-health/disability retirement at any point during your membership.

How III-Health/Disability Benefits are worked out

If you joined before 1 July 2005 (except if you joined as a Late Entrant) your pension will be based on your Final Pensionable Salary at retirement and your Pensionable Service to that date with an additional credit of 6 2/3 years' Pensionable Service.

In all cases the period of *Pensionable Service* used in the calculation is subject to it not being more than the *Pensionable Service* you would have accrued had you continued in service to your *Normal Retirement Date*.

If you joined on or after 1 July 2005; or you joined as a Late Entrant on or before 1 January 2008 your pension will be calculated in the same way as at Normal Retirement Date but using your Pensionable Service and Final Pensionable Salary at the date you retire. The pension will become payable immediately and without reduction for its early payment.

Final Pensionable Salary for the purpose of calculating this particular benefit is as follows:

For working out ill-health/disability benefits your *Final Pensionable Salary* will normally be the average of your three years *Pensionable Salary* immediately prior to your date of leaving service.

In certain instances it may be that the average of an earlier period of 3 consecutive years in the last 10 years gives a higher *Final Pensionable Salary*. If so then it is this higher figure that will become your Final Pensionable Salary.

A pension which is granted under the ill-health/disability provisions of the *Scheme* will become payable immediately and without reduction for its early payment.

Your Cash Lump Sum on III-Health/Disability Retirement from Active Service

If you are granted an III-Health/Disability retirement pension you may take a cash lump sum at the time of your retirement.

The cash sum is calculated in the same way as if you were retiring at *Normal Retirement Date*, but using your Pension at the date you retired, and the cash conversion factor applicable to your age at the date you retire (see page 13).

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Benefits at Retirement

Your Pension after taking a Cash Lump Sum through III-Health/Disability

By taking a cash lump sum your pension is reduced.

➡ If you joined before 1 July 2005 (except if you joined as a *Late Entrant*) the amount of the reduction is currently dependent upon age at retirement and is calculated in the same way as if you were taking early retirement in normal health see page 18.

For table of Cash Conversion Factors see page 13.

The amount of the reduction for those retiring earlier than age 50, through illhealth/disability, is currently the same as the Cash Conversion Factor at age 49 and under.

If you joined on or after 1 July 2005; or you joined as a Late Entrant on or before 1 January 2008 the amount of the reduction will depend upon the amount of tax free cash that you exchange for pension (subject to the maximum). At any age the reduction is currently £1 per annum pension for every £10 of cash lump sum taken.

Note: Your cash sum may be restricted to ensure that the amount of pension remaining after you have taken part of it for cash is not less than your *GMP*.

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Summary of Pension Benefits

- Increases to Pensions (See below.)
- Your spouse/civil partner may receive a pension on your death.
- Your children may also be entitled to a pension on your death. (See page 23.)
- Your pension is payable for life but if you die within 5 years of retirement, a lump sum will be paid to your beneficiaries equal to the pension payments you would have received in the remainder of that 5 year period. (See page 23.)

Pension Increases

Your Old Section pension is reviewed annually and index-linked in the same way as public sector pensions. This increase, which is granted on the first Monday of each new tax year (which begins on 6 April) also applies to pensions for surviving spouses, dependents and eligible children.

The annual increase is prescribed by Government in line with regulations applied under the Pension (Increase) Act 1971 and currently reflects the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

- Notes: i) If retiring straight from active service with your Employer, your first increase will only be a proportion of the full annual increase.
 - ii) If you were granted an III-Health/Disability retirement pension then your pension increases may be different to as described above.
 - iii) Different provisions may apply to your Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP)
 - iv) The reference to "Pensions Increases" on page 33 may be applicable to you.

Protection in Retirement

Spouse's Pension

Provided that you had completed 2 years' *Qualifying Service* at the time you ceased active membership of the *Scheme*, your spouse will become eligible to a pension from the *Scheme* as follows:

 \bigcirc for the first three months after your death your pension will continue to be paid in full,

thereafter,

the pension is adjusted so that it is equal to 50%* of your full pension at the date of retirement, i.e. **ignoring** any reduction in your pension if you exchanged part of your pension for cash at retirement. This pension is then increased in line with any pensions increases awarded by the *Trustees* up to the date of your death.

If you marry/re-marry after leaving service and your spouse is more than 5 years younger than you, a reduction of 0.2% to the spouse's pension for each complete month in excess of 5 years will be made. Moreover, in case of post leaving marriages a spouse will only become eligible for a pension if your marriage has been at least of one year's duration at the date of your death.

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION

Your total Scheme pension before taking any cash lump sum	£ 10,000pa
	x 50%*
	£ 5,000pa
plus the same percentage increases awarded to your pension whilst in payment, say, 25%	£ 1,250pa
Giving a total spouse's pension of	£ 6,250pa

*If you joined the Scheme on or after 1 July 2005 or as a Late Entrant before 1 January 2008 and in either case retire under the ill-health/disability provisions of the Scheme, your pension would be multiplied by 37.5% and not 50%.

Note: See also "Civil Partners" on page 35.

Lump Sum Death Benefit

If you die within 5 years of retirement, a lump sum will be paid to your beneficiaries equal to the pension payments you would have received in the remainder of the 5 year period.

This is calculated as follows:

O months less the number of monthly instalments actually paid to date of death

times

the gross monthly pension in payment at date of death.

This payment is made in addition to any spouse's/children's pension that may be payable.

Children's Pension

Whether or not you are a married member, your children may also be entitled to receive a pension.

To qualify you must have completed at least 2 years' *Qualifying Service* and your children must be: -

Under age 16

or

- under age 23 and in approved full time education or vocational training
- or

dependent on you because of physical or mental impairment and in need of financial support from the Scheme

The amount of the children's pension is worked as a fraction of your pension as follows:

No of eligible Children	Whilst spouse's pension payable	Where no spouse's pension payable
1	1/8	1/4
2 share	1/4	³ /8
3 share	³ /8	1/2
4 or more share	1/2	1/2

Death in Service

If you die whilst an active member of the Scheme the following benefits may be payable:

a lump sum life assurance payment

plus

a pension payable to your spouse/civil partner

plus

a pension payable to your child/children.

Lump Sum Life Assurance Payment

Payable to your beneficiaries, this multiple of salary (*Pensionable Salary*) benefit at date of death will apply as follows:

		Unmarried members	Married members
NORMAL ENTRANT	Joined before 1 July 2005	4 x salary	2 x salary
	Joined on or after 1 July 2005	i) 2 x salary (if less than 2 years <i>Pensionable Service</i> *)	2 x salary
		ii) 4 x salary (once 2 years <i>Pensionable Service</i> * completed)	
LATE ENTRANT	Joined as a <i>Late Entrant</i> between 1 October 2004 and 31 December 2007	i) No lump sum (if less than 2 years <i>Pensionable Service</i>*)ii) 4 x salary (once 2 years	i) No lump sum (if less than 2 years <i>Pensionable Service</i>*)ii) 2 x salary (once 2 years
		Pensionable Service* completed)	Pensionable Service* completed)
	Joined as a <i>Late Entrant</i> on or	i) No lump sum (if less than 2 years <i>Pensionable Service*</i>)	
	after 1 January 2008	ii) 1 x salary (once 2 years <i>Pensionable Service</i> * completed)	

*Pensionable Service after excluding any transferred service

Please note that members in a civil partnership are the same as 'Married members' in the above table.

Lump Sum Life Assurance Payment (cont.)

The beneficiaries of any lump sum that becomes payable on your death is at the absolute discretion of the *Trustees*. If you have not already completed a Nomination form it will assist the *Trustees* in deciding to whom the benefit should be paid if you were to complete the **Nomination Form** at the back of this Booklet and ensure that it is returned to the ITB Pension Funds' Office for safe keeping. The *Trustees* would take note of your wishes when considering who should receive the lump sum such as relatives, dependants and others. Please remember to complete a new form should your personal circumstances change.

Further copies of the Nomination Form are available from the ITB Pension Funds Office, or from the Funds' website **www.itb-online.co.uk**.

Spouse's Pension

If you are married at the time of your death, and have completed two years' *Qualifying Service*, your spouse will receive the following benefits:

For the first 3 months following your death a pension equal to your *Pensionable Salary*

thereafter,

a pension equal to one half of the pension you would have received had you remained in service until Normal Retirement Date.

If you are a married member with less than two years' *Qualifying Service* your spouse will still be entitled to a smaller pension which will not be less than half your *GMP*.

Note: See also "Civil Partners" on page 35.

Children's Pension

In addition to the spouse's pension your children will also be entitled to a pension in the proportions as set out on page 23 relative to the pension you would have received had you remained in service until *Normal Retirement Date*.

Leaving the Scheme

If you leave or opt out of the *Scheme* before you reach your *Normal Retirement Date*, what happens to your pension benefits will depend on your length of *Qualifying Service*.

Less than 3 months' Qualifying Service

You will receive a refund of your contributions, less certain deductions.

Over 3 months' but less than 2 years' Qualifying Service

Your choice is:

- a refund of your contributions, less certain deductions; or
- a transfer out of your pension benefits to another registered pension scheme.

(You must exercise this option within 3 months of being notified of your rights.)

2 or more years' Qualifying Service

You will be granted a Deferred Pension. Your Deferred Pension can either:

- remain in the Scheme where it will currently revalue in line with the rise in the RPI. Your benefits will become payable if:
 - you die before your pension is paid
 - you are granted an ill-health/disability pension
 - ➔ you apply for payment of an early retirement pension (subject to being aged 55 or over and having accrued at least 5 years' *Qualifying Service*)
 - you reach your *Normal Retirement Date*.
- or

be transferred out to another registered pension scheme.

These options are described in greater detail on the pages that follow:

Taking a Refund of Your Contributions

A refund of your contributions is only available if you have less than 2 years' *Qualifying Service*.

A refund will be your own contributions, **less** your share of the cost of buying you back into *S2P* (formerly SERPS), **less** a tax charge*.

The *Trustees* will buy back your *S2P* benefit for you by the way of a payment to the Department for Work and Pensions. The State will then provide you with a *S2P* pension relating to your period of membership of the *Scheme*.

Please note that a refund will leave you with no further benefits in the Scheme.

A refund is worked out as follows:

Your total contributions less your share of the cost of buying you back into *S2P*, less tax.

EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION	
Your total <i>Scheme</i> contributions (say) Less your share of the cost of	£ 870
buying you back into S2P, for example	<u>£ 260</u> £ 610
Less tax, currently at 20%	<u>£ 122</u>
Giving a net refund of	<u>£ 488</u>

Note: If you have paid *AVCs* and you have less than 2 years' *Qualifying Service* the value of your *AVC* contributions will also be available as a refund, <u>less</u> tax*.

* Tax is currently deducted at 20% on the first £10,800 of contributions (including *AVCs*) and at 50% on contributions (inclucing *AVCs*) over £10,800.

A Transfer Out of your Pension Benefits

You can arrange for your *Scheme* pension benefits to be transferred to another registered pension scheme, for example, your new employer's pension scheme, a personal pension or a Stakeholder pension. The transfer payment will be equal to the the cash value of your pension benefits (based on market conditions at the time of the transfer) and is called the Cash Equivalent Transfer Value (CETV)

Please note the following in relation to transferring your pension benefits:

- Members with over 3 months' but less than 2 years' Qualifying Service (and therefore not entitled to a Deferred Pension) must apply for a transfer within 3 months of being notified of their rights.
- Any transfer out is subject to the receiving scheme being willing and able to accept the transfer value.
- You will not be allowed to transfer you benefits within 12 months of your Normal Retirement Date.
- You have a statutory right to request a statement of transfer value once every twelve months.
- On completion of a transfer out you would give up all benefits you may have been entitled to under the Scheme.
- You are recommended to take independent professional advice when considering a transfer out.

Deferred Pension

If you leave the *Scheme* with 2 or more years' of *Qualifying Service* you will be granted a Deferred Pension. Your Deferred Pension is calculated as follows:

	EXAMPLE ILLUSTRATION		
Final Pensionable Salary			£ 20,000
Pensionable Service			10 years
Calculation		<u>10</u> x£20,000 60	
	Giving a pension of £ 3,333pa at date of leaving		

You can either leave your Deferred Pension in the *Scheme*, or transfer out your pension benefits (see A Transfer Out of you Pensions Benefits, page 28)

A Deferred Pension will become payable at your *Normal Retirement Date*. However, your Deferred Pension also provides the following benefits:

Revaluation and Pension Increases

Your pension is increased as prescribed by Government in line with regulations applied under the Pension (Increase) Act 1971 and currently reflects the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

After the pension begins it will increase in the way described on page 21.

Death before Retirement

If you die after leaving the *Scheme* with a Deferred Pension but before you start to receive your pension your dependants may be entitled to the following benefits:

Spouse's Pension

If you were married to your spouse at the time you left the *Scheme* and you had completed at least 2 years' *Qualifying Service*, a Spouse's Pension would be payable, calculated as follows:

an amount equal to 50% of your Deferred Pension revalued from the date you left the Scheme up to the date of your death, in the way described under Revaluation and Pension Increases on page 29.

(If you marry/re-marry after leaving service and your spouse is more than 5 years younger than you a reduction of 0.2% to the spouse's pension for each complete month in excess of 5 years will be made. Moreover, in case of post-leaving marriages, a spouse will only become eligible for a pension if your marriage has been at least of one year's duration at the date of your death and you are not judicially separated.)

Children's Pensions

Children's pensions may be payable subject to the same eligibility requirements and in the proportions of your revalued deferred pension, as set out on page 23.

Lump Sum Life Assurance

A lump sum benefit is payable to your beneficiaries. The beneficiaries of this lump sum are decided by the *Trustees* in their absolute discretion. However, please see the note on a 'Nomination Form' on page 25.

The lump sum payable is the greater of:

- a refund of your own contributions, plus interest
- or
- a proportion of your Pensionable Salary at date of leaving, worked out as follows:

Actual Pensionable ServicexTotal prospective Pensionable Serviceto Normal Retirement Date

Twice* Pensionable Salary

*If no spouse's/civil partner's pension is payable the lump sum benefit is worked out as above but based on multiple of four times, rather than twice, *Pensionable Salary*. If you joined the *Scheme* as a *Late Entrant* on or after 1 January 2008 then it will be worked out as above but based on a multiple of once times, rather than twice, *Pensionable Salary*. *Salary*.

Continued on next page.

Death before Retirement (cont.)

However, if you joined the Scheme on or after 1 July 2005 or were admitted into the *Scheme* as a *Late Entrant* after 1 October 2004 and die with less than 2 years *Pensionable Service*, after excluding any transferred service, the lump sum payable is a refund of your own contributions, plus interest.

The lump sum is paid tax free under current legislation.

Note: i) If you have paid *AVCs* these will be included in the value of the lump sum. ii) See also "Civil Partners" on page 35.

III-Health/Disability

If you have a Deferred Pension in the *Scheme* and are unable to undertake any work because of ill-health/disability (which is established by medical evidence to the Trustees' satisfaction) then as long as you meet the eligibility requirements below you may apply to the *Trustees* for payment of your pension to commence early:

- If you joined the Scheme on or after 1 July 2005; or you joined as a Late Entrant before 1 January 2008 you must have five years of Qualifying Service and you must be incapable of any, not necessarily full-time, employment.
- If you joined as a Late Entrant on or after 1 January 2008 you are not eligible for illhealth/disability retirement.

If the Trustees agree your application for an ill-health/disability pension your deferred *Scheme* pension, revalued to your date of retirement, will become payable immediately and without reduction for its early payment.

There is no minimum age at which you may apply for your pension to commence due to III-health/disability.

Early Retirement

You may apply for early payment of your Deferred Pension at any time from age 55 onwards, provided you have accrued 5 years *Qualifying Service* (or if your *Qualifying Service* plus the time since you left active service is at least 5 years).

If you draw your benefits before your *Normal Retirement Date* your pension will be revalued to the date of your actual retirement in the way described under 'Revaluation and Pension Increases' on page 29. It will then be reduced as set out on page 16 to reflect the earlier payment date.

40 Year Maximum

If you are an active member having accrued 40 years' *Pensionable Service* the following will apply: -

◯ you will not be required to make further contributions to the Scheme, and neither will your Employer on your behalf

and

As the Scheme is currently contracted-out of the State Second Pension (S2P), your National Insurance contributions will remain at the contracted-out rate, and so will those of your *Employer*

and

if you have by then reached age 60, your pension will be worked out in the same way as it would be at *Normal Retirement Date* (see page 12) but based on your *Final Pensionable Salary* and *Pensionable Service* at retirement

or

if you are over age 55 but under age 60 your pension is worked out in the same way as it would be for Early Retirement (see pages 16 - 17) but the reduction for early retirement would only apply from age 60, or such later date as you may attain 40 years' *Pensionable Service* before *Normal Retirement Date*.
 If you joined before 1 July 2005 (except as a Late Entrant) and are granted an ill-health/disability pension from active service the additional service credit granted is subject to total Pensionable Service not exceeding 40 years. (See pages 18-20)

If you are a deferred member you will also be eligible for special provisions if:

you would have achieved 40 years' Pensionable Service in the Scheme before Normal Retirement Date

and

had 2 years' Qualifying Service at date of leaving (5 years for leavers prior to 6th April 1988),

then your pension would be payable from age 60, or from the date you would have achieved 40 years' *Pensionable Service* if that is later.

If you opt for early retirement the reduction will only apply from your retirement date under the special provisions.

Benefit Adjustment on Salary Reduction

If you are an active member in *Pensionable Service* with an *Employer* in the *Scheme* and you are age 50 or over and suffer a reduction in salary which is likely to be permanent there are provisions in the Rules that build in a certain protection to your benefits. Precisely how this benefit is calculated would be advised to you by the Funds' Office should you be affected in this way by a reduction in your *Pensionable Salary*.

Compulsory Early Retirement

Certain existing members may be entitled to enhanced early retirement benefits in the event they are made redundant, or compulsory retired by their *Employer* in order to improve efficiency of the *Employer's* operation and are age 50 or over with 5 years' *Qualifying Service* at date of leaving service.

However, eligibility to this benefit will be affected by the terms and conditions of your contract of employment, or such amended terms that may be subsequently advised to you.

As indicated, not all members have an entitlement to this benefit and those that do, depending on the *Employer*, tend to be longer serving employees who in the main commenced service at least prior to 1994. Such enhanced early retirement pension benefits as may apply are conditional upon the *Scheme* receiving payment from the *Employer* concerned to meet the cost of the additional amount of pension to be provided. If you are unsure about whether these particular provisions apply in your case, you should contact your *Employer* for clarification.

Pension increases

If you are being paid a compulsory early retirement pension it will not be increased until you attain age 55. Your pension will then be increased from the 1st of the month after your 55th birthday, by the value of the increases granted to other pensions since your pension began.

Old Benefit Members

If you were a member in service on 1 April 1975, who opted to remain subject to the Rules in force prior to that date, your benefits will be as advised to you at that time under your continuing terms of membership of the *Scheme* as an Old Benefit Member. They are not as generally covered in this Booklet for New Benefit Members of the *Scheme*.

Part-timers

If you work less than your *Employer*'s standard weekly hours, it is necessary to convert your part-time working into a full-time equivalent before working out your pension benefits.

To do this it is first necessary to establish:

Your weekly part-time contractual hours "Your Hours"

Your Employer's standard weekly full-time hours "Standard Hours"

Your Pensionable Service and Pensionable Salary are then adjusted as follows:

Pensionable Service (Adjusted):
= Your Pensionable Service x Your Hours ÷ Standard Hours

Pensionable Salary (Adjusted): = Your Pensionable Salary x Standard Hours ÷ Your Hours

In all other respects, your benefits are calculated in the same way as under the normal provisions of the *Scheme* but based upon your adjusted *Pensionable Service* and adjusted *Final Pensionable Salary*.

ILLUSTRATION

Actual Hours Worked	21 per week
Standard full-time Hours	35 per week
Pensionable Salary	£ 8,500pa
Pensionable Service	10 years
Adjusted <i>Pensionable Service</i> is worked out as follows:	10 years x 21 hours ÷ 35 hours = 6 years
Adjusted <i>Pensionable Salary</i> is worked out as follows:	£ 8,500 x 35 hours ÷ 21 hours = £ 14,167

Your contributions to the *Scheme* will be a percentage of your actual part-time *Pensionable Salary* and not adjusted *Pensionable Salary* as referred to above.

Pension Sharing on Divorce

In December 2000 the Government introduced regulations which, in the event of divorce, allow the Courts to split or share pension rights between a member and his/her exspouse. This will be applicable to a member if divorce proceedings commenced on or after 1 December 2000 and the Courts issue a pension sharing order. Your ex-spouse will receive a Pension Credit that equates to a proportion of the cash equivalent transfer value of your *Scheme* entitlement, which will be paid to a suitable pension arrangement of their choice.

As there are other methods available by which the Courts may share the assets, including pension rights, of divorcing couples pension sharing may not necessarily apply to all divorce proceedings that commence on or after 1 December 2000. However if you believe that pension sharing applies to your personal circumstances or your legal adviser requests details of your pension rights you should bring the matter to the attention of the ITB Pension Funds' Office who will advise of the appropriate scale of charges relating to the provision of certain information.

Civil Partners

The *Scheme* will pay pensions for civil partners in accordance with the statutory requirements. Please write to the ITB Pension Funds office for further information, or email us at: pensions@itb-online.co.uk.

Benefit Statements

An Annual Benefit Statement is available to you. This shows details of your benefits earned, benefits on death and a projection of benefits if you continue in service to *Normal Retirement Date*. A separate AVC benefit statement will also be provided if you pay *AVCs* into one of the special AVC accounts set up with one of the *Scheme*'s AVC providers.

Whether an Active Member or a Deferred Member you can produce your own up-to-date benefit statement on our pension modelling website 'MyITB': **www.myitb.com**.

Trustees' Annual Report to Members

The *Trustees*' produce a report each year. This includes the audited accounts of the *Scheme*, Auditor's Report and Actuarial Statement which appears in full on the *Scheme's* website **www.itb-online.co.uk**. Copies are also available from the *Scheme's* Office.

Maternity/Adoption Leave

If you are absent from work on Maternity Leave or Adoption Leave, membership of the *Scheme* continues on the following basis provided that you have given proper notice of your intention to return to work:

- your Scheme contributions will change at the time you go on Maternity Leave/Adoption Leave so that your contributions will be calculated as a percentage of the Maternity Pay/Adoption Pay you are actually receiving (if any in the case of Maternity Leave).
- ◯ if you pay AVCs these will cease at the time you go on Maternity Leave/Adoption Leave unless you tell us that you wish to continue making them.
- during your period of Ordinary Maternity Leave/Ordinary Adoption Leave you will continue in *Pensionable Service* (whether or not you receive Maternity Pay in the case of Maternity Leave). Your *Pensionable Service* may also continue during periods of paid Additional Maternity Leave/Additional Adoption Leave, providing you continue to pay contributions. However, if your Additional Maternity Leave/Additional Adoption Leave/Additional Adoption Leave is unpaid there will be a break in your *Pensionable Service*. On returning to work you will resume the accrual of *Pensionable Service*, but you will not have the option to pay contributions for any period of unpaid leave.
- Should you die while on Maternity Leave or Adoption Leave, a lump sum death in service benefit would be paid as described on page 24.

Other Family Leave

If you are absent during any period of Parental Leave or Paternity Leave for which you are paid by your Employer, membership of the *Scheme* continues on the following basis:

- Your Scheme contributions will change at the time you go on Parental, Paternity or other family leave when your contributions will be calculated as a percentage of the pay you actually receive during that absence.
- If you pay AVCs these will cease at the time you go on leave unless you tell us that you wish to continue making them.
- Should you die while on paid Paternity Leave a lump sum death benefit would be paid (as described on page 24).
- Should you die while on Parental Leave, a lump sum death benefit would be paid (as described on page 24) provided you continued to pay contributions to the Scheme.

Temporary Absence (other than Family Leave)

Scheme Contributions:

will normally continue to be based on your *Pensionable Salary* prior to your temporary absence, or subsequent *Pensionable Salary* figure if it changes during your absence as advised to you by your *Employer*.

Lump Sum Death Benefits:

will continue based on your *Pensionable Salary* immediately prior to your temporary absence.

Late Retirement

You may with the agreement of your *Employer* defer your retirement and continue in employment after your *Normal Retirement Date*. In these circumstances your pension will be calculated in the same way as at *Normal Retirement Date* (see page 12) but using your *Pensionable Service* and *Final Pensionable Salary* at the date you retire.

Benefits are Non-assignable

Your *Scheme* benefits cannot be assigned to any other person or used as security for a loan. Any attempt to do so will result in loss of benefit.

Trust Deed and Rules

This Member Booklet should be regarded as only a summarised general guide to the *Scheme*. It does not fully represent the detailed rules of the *Scheme*. In the event of any discrepancy between this Booklet and the Trust Deed and Rules which formally govern the *Scheme*, the latter will prevail. (A copy of the Trust Deed and Rules is available from the ITB Pension Office Watford, or for inspection at your Personnel Department).

Amendment and Termination

Although your *Employer* has every intention of continuing the *Scheme*, there can never be a guarantee to this effect.

An *Employer* has the right to opt out of participation in the *Scheme* at any time. In the unlikely event of this happening the *Employer* is required to give members written notice of its intention and must if required by the *Trustees* make good any deficit which exists at that time.

There is legislation in place aimed at providing safeguards should the *Scheme* be discontinued with insufficient assets to meet its obligations. In the unlikely event that this occurs, any shortfall (calculated on the basis set out in the legislation) would be a debt on the *Employers*. The assets of the *Scheme* are safeguarded under the provisions of the Trust Deed and Rules.

Internal Dispute Resolution

The Pensions Act 1995 (as amended by the Pensions Act 2004) requires that all pension schemes have a formal internal dispute resolution procedure in place allowing members, prospective members, beneficiaries and contingent beneficiaries an avenue for complaint.

It is hoped that Members and beneficiaries will always be pleased with the service provided by the ITB Pension Funds' Office and that no one has reason to complain. However, in the unlikely event that a complaint arises and a member of the Funds' staff fails to provide a satisfactory answer, then a copy of the formal Internal Disputes Resolution procedure is available upon request to: The Director, The ITB Pension Funds, 23 King Street, Watford, WD18 0BJ.

The Pensions Advisory Service (TPAS)

The Pensions Advisory Service (TPAS) is an independent non-profit organisation that provides free information, advice and guidance on the whole spectrum of pensions covering State, occupational, personal and stakeholder schemes.

TPAS is commonly used by members and beneficiaries to help resolve a pensions query or any difficulty which they have failed to resolve with the trustees of their pension scheme, which maybe before or during an official disputes procedure.

TPAS address is: 11 Belgrave Road, London SW1V 1RB; website: www.pensionsadvisoryservice.org.uk, or telephone hotline: 0845 601 2923.

The Pensions Ombudsman

If you are unable to resolve your dispute using the Internal Dispute Resolution procedure, and normally only after having sought the assistance of TPAS, an application can be made to the Pensions Ombudsman for adjudication.

The Pensions Ombudsman's role and powers have been decided by Parliament, and he is appointed by the Secretary of State for Work and Pensions. He is completely independent and is available to investigate and determine any complaints or disputes of fact or law in relation to an occupational pension scheme. He does not charge for his services.

The Pensions Ombudsman's decision is final and binding on all the parties to the complaint or dispute. It can be enforced in the Courts. His decision can only be changed by appealing to the appropriate court on a point of law.

The Pensions Ombudsman's address is also: 11 Belgrave Road, London, SW1V 1RB or website: www.pensions-ombudsman.org.uk

The Pensions Regulator

The Pensions Regulator is the UK regulator of work-based pension schemes. Under the Pensions Act 2004, the Pensions Regulator's objectives are to protect the benefits of members, promote good administration and to reduce the risk of situations arising that may lead to claims for compensation from the Pension Protection Fund.

The address for the Pensions Regulator is Napier House, Trafalgar Place, Brighton BN1 4DW or website: www.thepensionsregulator.gov.uk

Pension Tracing Service

If you think you may have an old pension, but are not sure of the details, the Pension Tracing Service can usually help by tracing it for you. The Pension Tracing Service (part of the Department for Work and Pensions) has access to a database of over 200,000 occupational and personal pension schemes and can be used, free of charge, to search for a scheme.

If you would like the Pension Tracing Service to trace a pension scheme for you visit their website which is part of the Pension Service website: www.thepensionservice.gov.uk or call 0845 6002 537 to trace a pension over the phone. Alternatively, you may write to them at: Pension Tracing Service, The Pension Service, Tyneview Park, Whitley Road, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE98 1BA

HM Revenue & Customs Registration

The ITB Pension Funds is a Registered Pension Scheme under Chapter 2 of Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004. (Pension Scheme Tax Reference Number. 00329981RF)

Data Protection Act 1998

The *Trustees* record and hold data in connection with the provision of benefits under the *Scheme* rules.

In accordance with the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998, the *Trustees* have been registered as Data Controllers for the ITB Pension Funds. The *Trustees* will ensure that anyone processing data on their behalf complies with the 1998 Act.

In completing the Application Form to join the *Scheme* you will consent to the processing of your personal data in line with the legitimate purposes of the *Scheme* and provision of any additional information the *Trustees* require from you.

You have the right of access to your relevant personal data records and in accordance with the terms of the 1998 Act this is currently subject to a nominal fee. If you wish to exercise this right at any time you should contact the ITB Pension Funds Office with your request. Following your payment of the appropriate fee the Funds Office then has a forty day period to supply the relevant personal data.

Independent Financial Advice

The ITB Pension Funds Trustees or the Funds' Office are not allowed to give you financial or investment advice about your pension benefits. So to get impartial financial advice you should contact an Independent Financial Adviser (IFA).

You can find a local IFA by calling 0800 0853250 or by visiting www.unbiased.co.uk

The Lifetime Allowance (LTA)

Since 6 April 2006 pension schemes have no longer had to restrict the level of benefits paid to members. Instead the value of your benefits from all pension arrangements you belong to are measured against a new Lifetime Allowance (LTA) at the point that they come into payment. This will include your pension from the ITB Scheme including any AVCs, plus any personal pensions or any pensions you still have from previous employers' schemes. The State pension is excluded from the Lifetime Allowance calculations.

The LTA is set at £1.5m for the 2012/13 tax year onwards.

Pensions are valued in the following way for measurement against the Lifetime Allowance:

Pensions commencing after 5 April 2006	20 x Annual Pension
Lump Sums and Money Purchase Funds taken after 5 April 2006	Face Value
Pensions in Payment before 6 April 2006	25 x Annual Pension*

*The higher factor is because under the HMRC regulations it is assumed that, in most cases, a tax-free lump sum will have been taken.

As the LTA has been set at a high level, very few people are likely to be affected by it. If your ITB benefits push you over the LTA, you will have to take the excess as a lump sum when you retire, which would be taxed at the rate of 55%. It is your responsibility to let the Funds' Office know of all your pension arrangements to help with the LTA calculation when you retire.

Please contact the Funds' Office for help with the Lifetime Allowance (LTA).

The Annual Allowance (AA)

The Annual Allowance (AA) is the maximum tax-free increase in the value of your pension benefits that is allowed in the Pensions Input Period (PIP). The AA for the 2012/13 tax year is £50,000 and will remain fixed until the 2015/16 tax year.

If the AA is exceeded in any particular year, there is a stand-alone tax charge on you.

For members of pension schemes like the ITB Pension Funds, which are defined benefit schemes, the method of valuing benefits for annual allowance purposes will be a fixed rate multiplier of 16, meaning that a £1,000 increase in annual pension benefit is treated as being worth £16,000. Broadly speaking, annual increases in pension benefits are measured by comparing the value of the pension which would have been payable at the start, and end of the year of the Pensions Input Period.

In the case of Money Purchase Contributions, they are taken at face value when, for example, they are paid by a Member/Employer into Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs) or Personal Pension Plans.

When you are a member of more than one pension arrangement, the calculations can become more complicated.

The Funds' Office will be providing active members with the amount of their Annual Allowance utilised for the Scheme Year on their benefit statements and also when they leave or retire from Pensionable Service. Similarly, if you pay AVCs to one or more of the ITB Funds' AVC arrangements, then the amount of your AVCs paid in the year will also be provided, as these will also form part of the AA.

Pensions Input Period (PIP)

Every registered pension scheme has to have a PIP, which determines the time period used to measure the benefit accrued by a pension scheme member for tax purposes. The Trustees have determined that the PIP for the ITB Pension Fund will be 1 April to 31 March, in line with the Scheme year.

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Application Form

SIDE 1. To be completed by Employee (and returned to Personnel Department)

Title: Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms/other:	Surname:	
Forenames:	Sex: Ma	le/Female*
Date of Birth:	Birth Certificate/Passport attached?	YES/NO*
	(Delete as Applicable – Must Be	Original Copy)
Marital Status:	Marriage Certificate attached?	YES/NO*
Address:		
	Postcode:	

Email:

(Your email address is not passed onto any third parties. It is required to setup your personal login to our 'MyITB' website – see Glossary for details on 'MyITB')

I hereby apply for membership of the *Scheme* and I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the particulars given by me are true. I agree to be bound in all respects by the *Scheme* Rules for the time being in force, and I agree to produce evidence of age as required and to the deduction of the appropriate contributions from my salary.

I recognise that the *Trustees* may process data, which relates to me during the course of my membership of the *Scheme* in order to carry out their functions as *Trustees* of the *Scheme*. I agree that the *Trustees* may record and hold such data and make it available to third parties in the ordinary course of those functions. I understand that the *Trustees* and any such third party will comply with the underlying principles of the Data Protection Act 1998.

Also are you applying to join more than 3 months after you first became eligible YES/NO*

(if "yes" you are a 'Late Entrant' Applicant – see below)

Late Entrant joining outside the first 3 months of becoming eligible for membership

I acknowledge that, as I did not join within the first three months of becoming eligible that agreement to my becoming a member of the *Scheme* will be at the discretion of my *Employer* and the *Trustees*. If I become a member of the *Scheme* the lump sum death benefit will not become applicable to me until I have completed 2 years' *Pensionable Service* (excluding any transferred service) and the ill-health/disability retirement provisions will not be available to me at any point during my membership. Also, my membership of the *Scheme* will not commence until formal notification of acceptance of my membership has been provided to my *Employer* by the ITB Pension Funds' Office.

I have read and accept the terms outlined above.

Employee's Signature:

Date: ___

ONCE YOU HAVE COMPLETED YOUR SECTION ABOVE PLEASE PASS THE WHOLE FORM TO YOUR *EMPLOYER* FOR THEM TO COMPLETE SIDE 2 OVERLEAF. ITB Pension Funds Open Fund - Old Section ("the Scheme")

Application Form

SIDE 2. To be completed by Employer (and returned to ITB Pensions Office, Watford)

Title: Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms/other:	Surname:		
Forenames:			
Employed by:			
at:			
National Insurance No:			
Pensionable Salary:	per annum		
Part-time/Full-time employee?			
If Part-time, show Full-time equivalent salary:	£ per annum		
Contractual Hours per week:	Standard Hours per week:		
Monthly Contributions:			
Date Joined Company:			
Date Scheme membership to start:			
A copy of the applicant's birth certificate or passport is attached (which must be certified as a true copy of the original and dated by the applicant's line manager or higher) Nomination Form attached: YES/NO*			
Signed on behalf of Employer:			
	(Authorised Officer)		
Print Name and Title:			
Date:			
Bute			
*Delete as appropriate	Pension Office use only <u>Received</u> - Date Stamp		

Nomination Form - Lump Sum Death Benefit

To be completed by Employee/Member/Pensioner (and returned to ITB Pension Funds Office, 23 King Street, Watford WD18 0BJ)

In the event of my death I should like the *Trustees* to consider paying any lump sum payable under the *Scheme* rules to the following:

Full Name	Address	Relationship	Share
		to member	(Percentage)
1.			
2.			

(must total 100%)

In the event that he/she/they predecease me I should like the *Trustees* to consider paying any lump sum payable under the *Scheme* rules to the following:

Full Name	Address	Relationship to member	Share (Percentage)

(must total 100%)

I fully understand that my wishes are in no way binding on the *Trustees* and I may, at any time, revoke or revise this nomination by completing another Nomination Form. Moreover, if I join/joined the *Scheme* outside the 3 month eligibility period and have been accepted into membership as a 'Late Entrant' I acknowledge that a lump sum death benefit will not become applicable until I have have completed 2 years *Pensionable Service*.

I give my consent for the *Trustees* of the *Scheme* to record and hold this data on my file until such a time as it is superceded.

If you wish to expand on why you wish the *Trustees* to consider payment of part or all of the lump sum benefit in a certain way you can provide details, in confidence, on the reverse of this form.

I also acknowledge that the *Trustees* may process data which relates to me during the course of my membership of the *Scheme* in order to carry out their functions as *Trustees* of the *Scheme*. I agree that the *Trustees* may record and hold such data and make it available to third parties in the ordinary course of those functions. I understand that the *Trustees* and any such third party will comply with the underlying principles of the Data Protection Act 1998.

Full Name Signature

Private Address

Company Date

This form is invalid if not signed.

Please return the completed form to the ITB Pension Funds Office, 23 King Street, Watford, Herts WD18 0BJ, for safekeeping. The *Trustees* will take note of your wishes when considering who should receive the lump sum, such as relatives, dependents and others.

Nominees continued.			
Full Name	Address	Relationship to member	Share (Percentage)

Active Member

A member of the *Scheme* who is employed by a participating *Employer* and who is currently building-up service within the *Scheme*, whilst paying member contributions.

AVCs

Additional Voluntary Contributions. These are additional contributions that you can make to the *Scheme's AVC* arrangements.

Deferred Member

Also known as a Deferred Pensioner or Preserved Pensioner/Member. A member of the *Scheme* who previously built-up service in the *Scheme* and who either after leaving service with their *Employer* or opting-out of the *Scheme* was granted a Deferred Pension. A *Deferred Member* cannot continue to contribute to the *Scheme*.

Employer

an Industrial Training Board, or a successor body to an Industrial Training Board that participates in and sponsors the *Scheme*.

Final Pensionable Salary

Is the salary on which your benefits are calculated. It is the better of:

 average Pensionable Salary in any one of the 5 years ending on Normal Retirement Date, or date of exit if earlier.

and

 average Pensionable Salary over any period of 3 consecutive years during the last 10 years' service.

If you retire under the ill-health/disability provisions of the *Scheme* after having joined on or after 1 July 2005 or as a *Late Entrant* after 1 October 2004, your *Final Pensionable Salary* for the purpose of working out the benefit payable will normally be the average of your three years' *Pensionable Salary* immediately prior to your date of leaving service.

In certain instances it may be that the average of an earlier period of three consecutive years gives a higher *Final Pensionable Salary*. If so then it is this higher figure that will become your *Final Pensionable Salary*.

GMP

Guaranteed Minimum Pension. This is the underlying minimum pension which the Scheme must provide for service built-up between 6 April 1978 and 5 April 1997.

It is broadly equivalent to the value of the SERPS benefit you would have otherwise built-up if you were not a member of the *Scheme* (see also *S2P* below). *GMPs* ceased to build-up from April 1997 and were replaced by a minimum benefit test which the *Scheme* surpasses.

Late Entrant

An employee who became a member on or after 1 October 2004 and who did not join the *Scheme* within the first 3 months of becoming eligible.

LEL and UEL

The Lower Earnings Limit and Upper Earnings Limit. These amounts are determined by Government each year with effect from 6th April for the purpose of National Insurance contributions and the calculation of *S2P* benefit. The LEL and UEL for the tax year beginning 6 April 2012 are £5,564 pa (£464 per month) and £42,484 pa (£3,540 per month).

MyITB – *www.myitb.com*

'MyITB' is the interactive, pension modelling website for members of the ITB Pension Funds. The site is protected by a secure login system and allows members to project their pension and cash lump sum at retirement, produce online benefit statements and advise of changes to their personal details.

Normal Entrant

Any member who joined the *Scheme* before 1 October 2004; or any member who joined the Scheme on or after 1 October 2004 within the first 3 months of becoming eligible (i.e. any member who is **not a** *Late Entrant*)

Normal Retirement Date

The last day of the month in which you attain age 65, but see also Special Provisions on page 34

Pensionable Salary

Is the salary on which you pay contributions and is your annual rate of salary or wage, excluding overtime and any other fluctuating payments.

If you joined the *Scheme* after 31st May 1989, your *Pensionable Salary* may have to be restricted when related to benefits accrued before 6 April 2006. You will be advised if and when you are affected by these restrictions.

Pensionable Service

Years and complete days of service you complete whilst a member of the *Scheme*, and make contributions, plus any additional *Pensionable Service* advised to you arising from:

- transfers into the Scheme
- purchased by AVCs
- purchased for you by your Employer
- special service credit awards

Pensionable Service is subject to an overall maximum of 40 years unless you remain an active member of the *Scheme* after age 65.

Qualifying Service

Establishes qualification for certain benefits from the *Scheme*. It is your *Pensionable Service* plus any *Qualifying Service* that may have been granted on transfer into the *Scheme*.

Scheme

The Old Section of the ITB Pension Funds (Open Fund) for New Benefit members.

S2P

The State Second Pension (*S2P*) is the second tier of the State pension. Prior to 6 April 2002 it was known as SERPS (State Earnings Related Pension Scheme). Whilst you are an *Active Member* of the *Scheme* you are contracted-out of S2P (See also *LEL* & *UEL*).

Trustees

Details of the current *Trustees* and the way they are nominated are advised to members in the *Trustees*' Report provided to members and pensioners on an annual basis.

Further financial terminology together with definitions appear in the 'Glossary' on the Schemes website www.itb-online.co.uk.

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Old Section (Open Fund) 23 August 2012

Visit us on the web 'ITB-Online': www.itb-online.co.uk 'MyITB': www.myitb.com

23 August 2012